Exam Expectations Template

**DEFINE** synergistic interactions

STATE the most significant contributor to a "throw away society"

STATE the greatest component of municipal solid waste in the U.S.

STATE the primary method of municipal solid waste disposal in the U.S.

STATE the percentage of municipal solid waste that is recycled in the U.S.

STATE the greatest component of municipal solid waste that is recovered in the U.S.

STATE the optimal waste management option

STATE the percentage of municipal solid waste that is composted in the U.S.

STATE the optimal hazardous waste management option

STATE the human risk that results in the most human deaths

STATE the medical name of mad cow disease

STATE the component of landfills that can be extracted and used as fuel

STATE the best type of soil used for constructing sanitary landfills

LIST sources (by percent) of municipal solid waste

LIST the the "3-R's in order from most to least desirable

LIST byproducts of incineration

OUTLINE the drawbacks of incineration

OUTLINE the drawbacks, dangers and costs of sanitary landfills

**OUTLINE** integrated waste management

**OUTLINE** mad cow disease

**OUTLINE** dose-response studies

**OUTLINE** chronic studies

**OUTLINE** retrospective studies

**OUTLINE the ED50** 

**OUTLINE** chemical persistence

**OUTLINE** biomagnification

**OUTLINE The Montreal Protocol of 1987** 

**OUTLINE The Kyoto Accord of 1997** 

**OUTLINE The Stockholm Convention of 2001** 

OUTLINE bioaccumulation

DESCRIBE life cycle analysis

CALCULATE % increase

CALCULATE the ED50 for humans when given an ED50 value for mice

IDENTIFY examples of either closed loop or open loop reduction

IDENTIFY benefits of recycling aluminum

IDENTIFY downsides associated with recycling

IDENTIFY waste as either hazardous or nonhazardous

IDENTIFY strategies/actions consistent with an integrated waste management approach

IDENTIFY growing problems in healthcare systems of developed nations

IDENTIFY components of a life cycle analysis

COMPARE closed loop and open loop recycling

COMPARE human health risk factors between people in developing nations and developed nations

COMPARE LD50 and ED50

DISCUSS the decomposition that occurs in a sanitary landfill after it has been capped

Exam Expectations Template

**DISCUSS** the Brownfield Program

**DISCUSS RCRA** 

DISCUSS CERCLA

DISCUSS malaria

DISCUSS H5N1 bird flu

DISCUSS the potential for environmental injustice(s) when siting a landfill

DISCUSS human judgements as it relates to actual and perceived risks

EXPLAIN the problem(s) that might arise from the overuse of antibacterial soaps

EXPLAIN how carcinogens change cells and result in cancer

**EXPLAIN the LD50** 

PREDICT from a list of household items with would end up in the waste stream the soonest, the latest

ANALYZE data from a bar graph concerning recycling, landfills and incineration

ANALYZE data from a bar graph concerning HIV infection worldwide

ANALYZE data from a table and a world map concerning global health risks

ANALYZE a line graph concerning paper generation and recovery

ANALYZE a dose response curve