STATE the two greatest limiting factors in aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems

STATE the most productive ecosystem and most productive ecosystem per area

STATE the function(s) of cell organelles (limited to those in ppt)

LIST common plant defense mechanisms

LIST all possible types of target cells of neurons

LIST sources of information that cells get that control development

LIST characteristics of gas exchange surfaces or any exchange surface for that matter

LIST places in an animal cell where you might find DNA

LIST the classes of molecules where you might find: nitrogen, sulfur and phosphorous

OUTLINE the function and role of sodium potassium pumps

OUTLINE mimicry

OUTLINE induction

OUTLINE the structure of mitochondria and chloroplasts

OUTLINE cell differentiation

OUTLINE the tertiary structure of proteins

OUTLINE the interaction of nutrient absorption in human digestive tracts

OUTLINE the mechanism of breathing in humans

OUTLINE each of the different interactions seen in a community between species

DESCRIBE the competitive exclusion principle

DESCRIBE synaptic transmission

DESCRIBE the interactions between the circulatory and respiratory system in human lungs

CALCULATE the amount of biomass a certain trophic level given the biomass of another trophic level

IDENTIFY an example of coevolution from examples

IDENTIFY examples of primary and secondary succession

IDENTIFY examples of facilitation, inhibition and toleration

IDENTIFY digestive processes that are dependent upon enzymes

IDENTIFY a peptide bond in a polypeptide

IDENTIFY different levels of protein structure

IDENTIFY the function of a cell based upon its structure or organelle make up

COMPARE the movement of energy and matter in ecosystems

COMPARE gross and net productivity

COMPARE pluripotent and totipotent cells

COMPARE nucleotides

COMPARE amino acids

COMPARE plant and animal cells

COMPARE prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells

COMPARE ecological pyramids (biomass, energy and numbers)

SUGGEST the minimal components needed to recycle nutrients in the simplest of ecosystems

SUGGEST possible outcomes of competition between two species

SUGGEST digestive processes that require high surface areas

DISCUSS the implications of the biodiversity crisis

DISCUSS why food chains are limited in their length

4.A Exam Expectations

PREDICT the effect of population density of each species given a type of interaction (ex. mutualism)

PREDICT future social conditions (like health care costs) using age structure diagrams

PREDICT the class of molecule based upon a molecular or structural formula

EXPLAIN the biodiversity crisis

EXPLAIN keystone predators

EXPLAIN logistic growth

EXPLAIN the endomembrane system

EXPLAIN why most cells are surrounded by fluid or watery environment

DEDUCE population growth using the logistic growth equation

ANALYZE the logistic growth equation to determine relationships between the variables

ANALYZE a food web